GEODICT

The Digital Material Laboratory

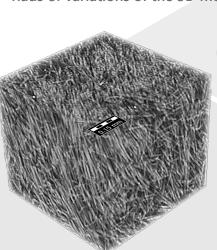
GeoDict Workflow for Composites

Import a µCT-Scan of Composite and Simulate its Mechanical Behavior

The microstructure of a composite is revealed in detail from an imported and segmented μCT-scan. Usable statistical data is obtained by analysis, e.g. fiber identification and determination of fiber orientation and diameter.

The statistical information obtained from the μCT-scan is used to generate 3D models on which to run simulations and assess their mechanical properties. Modifications of the 3D models microstructure lead to changes in their mechanical properties.

The mechanical behavior of composites, including the anisotropic stiffness tensor, nonlinear deformations, polymer damage and fiber failure, is simulated easily on myriads of variations of the 3D models.







GEODICT® WORKFLOW FOR COMPOSITES

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- Take a μCT-scan of the composite and import it into GeoDict
- Apply image filters to enhance contrast, remove artifacts or reduce noise
- Segment imported scan by using manual or OTSU threshold

Result: Digital 3D model of the composite

- Each individual fiber is identified through Artificial Intelligence
- Analyze fiber length distributions, fiber orientations, fiber curvature, and fiber diameter
- Identify and analyze voids and inclusions
- Extract this statistical data to create a statistical 3D model of the composite with just a few clicks

Result: Statistical 3D model of the composite

- Generate many digital prototypes with modified fiber parameters using GeoDict's fiber generator module
- Vary individual parameters, such as the fiber volume content.
- Automate the generation of digital prototypes and the variation of parameters through scripts for enhanced productivity

Result: Digital 3D models of modified composites

Predict mechanical properties of 3D models of composites by:

- Determining the anisotropic stiffness tensor
- Investigating influence on mechanical properties of reinforcement, polymer type, imperfections (e. g. voids), etc.

Example: Run parameter study for the influence of fiber content on stiffness

Result: Mechanical properties of the composite prototypes

Simulate linear and nonlinear deformation of the composite to obtain information about:

- Elastic and plastic strains and stresses
- Damage in the polymer
- Failure of fibers
- Influence of polymer properties and fiber properties

Example: Influence of operating temperature on plastic deformation

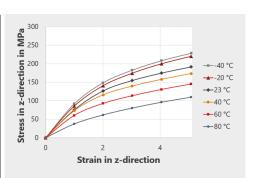
Result: Mechanical behavior of the composite

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Modeling & Design

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